IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 2 FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 3:19-CR-1850-AJB 4 Plaintiff, 5 v. September 17, 2021 6 JOHN TIMOTHY EARNEST, Courtroom 2C 7 Defendant. San Diego, California 8 9 TRANSCRIPT OF DIGITALLY RECORDED PROCEEDINGS 10 (Change of Plea) BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL S. BERG, MAGISTRATE JUDGE 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 COURT REPORTER: 22 AMANDA M. LeGORE RDR, CRR, CRC, FCRR, CACSR 23 U.S. District Court 333 West Broadway, Suite 420 24 San Diego, CA 92101 amanda legore@casd.uscourts.gov 25

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(Friday, September 17, 2021; 2:48 p.m.) 1 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 4 THE CLERK: Calling matter number 10, 19-CR-1850, 5 United States of America versus John Timothy Earnest. 6 7 MR. JOHNSTON: Good afternoon, your Honor. Trip 8 Johnston on behalf of Mr. Earnest, who is present in custody, along with my co-counsel Patrick Burke. 9 10 THE COURT: Thank you. Good afternoon. 11 Good afternoon, Mr. --12 MR. JOHNSTON: (Indiscernible.) THE COURT: Good afternoon, Mr. Earnest. 13 14 MR. HARRIGAN: Good afternoon, sir. Peter Ko and 15 Shane Harrigan for the United States. We're joined by video by 16 Rosanna Gibson. 17 THE COURT: Good afternoon, Ms. Gibson. 18 MS. GIBSON: Good afternoon, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Earnest, it's my understanding you are willing to plead quilty this afternoon. Is that correct, 20 sir? 21 THE DEFENDANT: 22 Yes. THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to also ask you to keep 23 your voice up because it's being recorded, and you're somewhat 24 25 soft-spoken.

Please swear him in. 1 THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand. 2 (Defendant sworn.) 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 4 THE CLERK: Thank you. 5 THE COURT: Thank you. 6 7 Mr. Earnest, you have just taken an oath to tell the That's very important. 8 truth. 9 If you should lie or make any false statements during 10 these proceedings, the Government could charge you with a new 11 and separate crime called perjury or making a false statement. 12 So if at any time this afternoon there's something I ask you that you don't understand, please don't quess at the 13 14 answer. Let me know, and I'll be more than happy to explain it 15 to you further. Okay? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. 17 THE COURT: Have you taken any drugs or medications in the last 24 hours that would make it difficult for you to 18 19 understand what we're doing here today? 20 THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: You have the right to have your quilty 21 plea taken by the district court judge in your case, Judge 22 Battaglia. I'm a magistrate judge. 23 It is my understanding you are willing to allow me to 24

take your guilty plea, and then Judge Battaglia will do the

sentencing. Is that correct? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: Thank you. 3 I have received a plea agreement in your case that 4 has the initials JTE on the bottom right corner of each page 5 and a signature on the back. 6 Are those your initials and your signature? 7 THE DEFENDANT: 8 Yes. THE COURT: And before you initialed and signed it, 9 10 did you either read it or have it read to you in its entirety? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Any questions about anything that's 13 contained within it? 14 THE DEFENDANT: No. 15 THE COURT: I'm not going to read the entire 16 agreement with -- go over the entire agreement with you. There 17 are certain parts I am going to discuss, though. You have very valuable constitutional rights in this 18 19 country, and you're going to be giving up a number of these rights when you plead quilty here today. 20 You have the right to a speedy and public trial by 21 22 The right to cross-examine and confront any witnesses that would testify against you. The right to subpoena to court 23 any witnesses to testify on your behalf. The right for you to 24

personally testify or remain silent. And the right to an

attorney, which you have.

Do you understand these rights, sir?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: By pleading guilty today, you're going to be giving up each and every one of those rights, with the exception of your right to an attorney. Your attorney is going to stay with you until the case has been completed.

Do you agree to give up each of the rights I've just described, with the exception of your right to an attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You have been charged in 113 separate counts, and I'm going to go through those with you in a moment.

It's my understanding that this plea agreement, though, is conditioned upon approval of the Attorney General of the United States. And absent such approval, this agreement is void and unenforceable by either side.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You are charged in Counts 1 to 54 with obstruction of free exercise of religious beliefs.

If you were to go to trial on those counts, the Government would need to prove the elements of those counts beyond a reasonable doubt. They would need to prove that you intentionally obstructed the person identified in each of those individual counts in the enjoyment of that person's free

exercise of religious beliefs. That you used force. Or, for Counts 2 through 54, threats of force. And, finally, that the offense was in or affected interstate commerce.

In addition, for Count 1 only, your acts resulted in the death of the person identified in the count. And for Counts 2 to 4, your acts included an attempt to kill the person identified in the count, resulted in bodily injury to that person, or included the use or attempted use or threatened use of a dangerous weapon.

In addition, for Counts 5 through -- to 54, your acts included an attempt to kill the person identified in the count, or the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon.

As to Counts 55 through 58, you are charged with willfully causing bodily injury.

If you were to go to trial, the elements that the Government would need to prove beyond a reasonable doubt in those counts are that you willfully caused bodily injury to the person identified in each of those counts, that you did so because of the actual or perceived race of said person.

In addition, for Count 55, your acts resulted in the death of the person identified in the count.

In addition, for Counts 56 to 58, your acts included an act attempt to kill the person identified in the count.

In Counts 59 through 108, you are charged with

attempting to cause bodily injury through the use of a firearm.

If you were to go to trial on those counts, the Government would need to prove these elements beyond a reasonable doubt.

That you willfully attempted to cause bodily injury to the person identified in said count through the use of a firearm. That you did so because of the actual or perceived race of said person. And that your acts included an attempt to kill the person identified in the count.

In Count 109, you are charged with attempting to damage or destroy religious property. If you were to go to trial on that count, the Government would need to prove beyond a reasonable doubt these elements.

That you intentionally attempted to damage or destroy religious real property because of the religious character of the property. The offense was in or affected interstate or foreign commerce, and the act included the use of fire.

In Count 110 to 113, you are charged with the use of a firearm in relation to a crime of violence.

If you were to go to trial on those counts, the Government would need to prove these elements beyond a reasonable doubt.

That you knowingly used, carried, or discharged a firearm, and you did so during and in relation to a crime of violence specified in the count.

In addition, for Count 110, you caused the death of and unlawfully killed with malice aforethought the person identified in the count, through the use of a firearm. And attempt -- or attempted, as used above, means that you intended to commit the crime and took a substantial step towards committing said crime.

Do you understand each of the elements I have just described?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that by pleading guilty today you will in fact be admitting each of these elements, and the Government need not do anything further to prove these counts against you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You are facing the following maximum penalties.

In Counts 1 to 54, you are facing a maximum of a death sentence. Or if the death penalty is not sought or does not apply, life in prison. A maximum \$250,000 fine. A mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count. And a term of supervised release of up to five years.

For Counts 55 to 108, you are facing a maximum of life in prison, a maximum \$250,000 fine, a mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count, and a term of supervised release of up to five years.

For Count 109, which was the attempt to damage or destroy religious property, you are facing a maximum 20 years in prison, a maximum \$250,000 fine, a mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count, a term of supervised release of up to three years.

For Count 110, you're facing a maximum of a death sentence. Or if the death penalty is not sought or does not apply, life in prison. A maximum \$250,000 fine. A mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count. A term of supervised release of up to five years.

And for Counts 111 to 113, you are facing a maximum of life in prison and a mandatory minimum of ten years in custody consecutive to any other sentence of imprisonment, a maximum \$250,000 fine, a mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count, and a term of supervised release of up to five years.

Do you -- in addition, there -- you are subject to an order of restitution to the victims of the offense.

Do you understand the maximum penalties for each of these counts?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you a United States citizen?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At the time of sentencing, you may be placed on supervised release. If it's later determined you

violated any term or condition of your supervised release, it 1 could be revoked, and you could be remanded into custody to 2 serve the maximum period of time for any violation. 3 Do you understand? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 5 THE COURT: Your plea agreement contains a paragraph 6 7 entitled, "Waiver of appeal, collateral attack, and information access." 8 What this basically means is that if you are 9 10 sentenced in accordance with the provisions of your plea 11 agreement, you will forever waive your right to appeal or 12 otherwise challenge your conviction and/or sentence. In addition, you are giving up all of your rights to 13 14 request or receive from any department or agency of the United 15 States any records pertaining to the investigation or 16 prosecution of this case, including any records sought under 17 the Freedom of Information Act. 18 Do you understand the paragraph in your plea 19 agreement entitled, "Waiver of appeal, collateral attack and information access"? 20 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Have you and your attorneys discussed the sentencing quidelines? 23

Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand these quidelines are

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25

THE DEFENDANT:

advisory only? Judge Battaglia does not have to follow them. 1 He can impose the maximum sentence set forth in the plea 2 agreement. 3 Do you understand? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 5 THE COURT: He will calculate the applicable 6 7 quideline range. He will consider that range. He will consider any departures under the sentencing quidelines and any 8 other departures under 18 USC Section 3553(a) that your 9 10 attorneys might wish Judge Battaglia to consider. Once you've 11 been sentenced, you will not be able to withdraw your plea. 12 Do you understand? THE DEFENDANT: 13 14 THE COURT: Do you have any questions whatsoever 15 about the sentencing quidelines, how they apply to you, or how 16 they apply in your case? 17 THE DEFENDANT: No. 18 THE COURT: Other than any promises that might be 19 contained within your plea agreement, has anyone promised you anything in order to get you to plead quilty today? 20 21 THE DEFENDANT: No. 22 THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or anyone close to you in order to get you to plead quilty? 23 24 THE DEFENDANT: No. 25 THE COURT: Are you pleading quilty because in truth

and in fact you are guilty and for no other reason?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Before I can accept your guilty plea, I need to know that you actually committed a crime. That's called a factual basis.

Are the following facts true, sir? On March 24th, 2019, you tried to damage and burn down -- burn down the Dar-ul-Arqam Mosque in Escondido, California, by setting fire to it because of your hatred for Muslims and the religious character of the building. That you identified the mosque as a target through research on the Internet. You used the Internet to navigate to the mosque and traveled by vehicle on the freeway to the mosque. You used items purchased from a national retailer to commit the crime, including a gas can and spray paint used to paint a message outside the mosque.

The mosque was a destination for and frequently hosted overnight missionaries, including from out of state. Seven such missionaries were asleep in the mosque when you set fire to it.

Are all of those facts true and correct?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Starting no later than March 2019, you used the Internet to search -- to research synagogues in San Diego County as potential targets to attack because of your hatred for Jews.

On about April 5th of 2019 you started writing an open letter, explaining your planned attack was motivated by hatred for Jews.

From April 6th to April 9th of 2019, you purchased a GoPro camera, tactical helmet, duffel bag, and tactical vest from an Internet seller for use in the attack. The items were later shipped to your residence.

After using the Internet to navigate to and scout other synagogues, on April 8th of 2019 you used the Internet to navigate to and scout, for the first time, the Chabad of Poway, in Poway, California. Among other things, the Chabad operated a gift shop, provided preschool services for fees, and operated a nonprofit arm of an international charity that provided support to -- to individuals with special needs.

Are those facts all true and correct?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: On April 13th of 2019 you purchased a Smith & Wesson MMP15 assault rifle with a serial number ending -950 and additional ten-round magazines from a San Diego gun store.

On April 26th, 2019, you picked up the rifle from the gun store. The rifle had been manufactured in Illinois, assembled in Massachusetts, and shipped to California.

Are all of those facts true and correct, sir?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: On April 27th of 2019 you advised others of your intended attack through a posting to an Internet forum. The posting linked to your Facebook page, which contained the open letter. Among other things, you said in the letter:

"I can only kill so many Jews. I only wish I killed more."

Are all of those facts true and correct, sir?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: That same day, you drove to the Chabad of Poway, armed with a rifle and wearing a tactical vest with additional magazines and carrying 60 rounds of .223 caliber ammunition, total.

You entered the Chabad and emptied your initial ten-round magazine by firing at occupants of the Chabad, present for religious services.

Two rounds struck and killed a person with the initials L.G-K. Rounds struck Y.G. in the hands. Y.G. permanently lost a finger. Other rounds struck objects that fragmented, including A.P. and N.D., Y.G., A.P. -- oh, I'm sorry. And N.D., period. Y.G., A.P. and N.D. were then hospitalized as a result.

The individuals in Counts 1 through 54 of the Indictment and repeated in Counts 55 through 108 were at the Chabad during, and targeted by you because they were and perceived by you to be Jewish.

1	Are all of those facts true and correct?		
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		
3	THE COURT: After emptying the initial magazine, you		
4	fled when the occupants of the Chabad rushed you. Your actions		
5	were captured on video.		
6	Are all of those facts true and correct?		
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		
8	THE COURT: Thank you.		
9	Mr. Johnston and Mr. Burke, do you concur in the		
10	factual basis?		
11	MR. BURKE: Yes, your Honor.		
12	THE COURT: And do you concur in your client's plea?		
13	MR. JOHNSTON: We do.		
14	THE COURT: And Mr. Harrigan or Mr. Ko, do you concur		
15	in the factual basis?		
16	MR. HARRIGAN: Yes, sir.		
17	THE COURT: Mr. Earnest, are you satisfied with the		
18	services of your attorneys in this case?		
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		
20	THE COURT: Also, I have a financial addendum that is		
21	part of this. It has the initial JTE and the signature on the		
22	back.		
23	Are those your initials and your signature on the		
24	financial addendum?		
25	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		

THE COURT: And this financial addendum contains a forfeiture agreement that all weapons and ammunition will be forfeited, with the restitution clause that -- the parties estimate restitution around \$100,000, but that's an estimate only. And you are in agreement that this financial addendum will be made part of the record. Is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You may re-arraign him.

THE CLERK: Now that you have been advised of your rights, the charges against you, and the possible sentence, how do you now plead to the counts in which you are named? Guilty or not guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Guilty.

THE COURT: I find that your plea has been made knowingly and voluntarily, with a full understanding of the nature of the charge, your rights, and consequences of the plea. There's a factual basis for the plea, and I will recommend Judge Battaglia accept it.

I will order a probation report. I will vacate any prior motion hearing, trial setting dates. Any motions on file are hereby withdrawn, absent objection.

I will exclude time under the Speedy Trial Act between today's date and the date of the sentencing for Judge Battaglia to consider the plea agreement and accept the plea.

The parties have 14 days to file any objections to my

USDC Case No. 2:22-cv-01815-IM

findings. 1 I will set your sentencing for December 28th at nine 2 3 o'clock before Judge Battaglia. So before you go to sentencing, Mr. Earnest, you are 4 going to have an interview with the probation officer. 5 The probation officer is going to talk to you about 6 7 your life; your prior record, if any; your education; employment history; the facts of this case; what may have led 8 you to get involved in it; and what your plans are going 9 10 forward. 11 And then the probation officer will make the 12 recommendation to Judge Battaglia. 13 Clearly Judge Battaglia is going to take a hard look 14 at this recommendation, but he doesn't have to follow it. 15 I would urge you to cooperate with the probation 16 officer. Your attorneys have worked very hard for you, so 17 please continue to cooperate with them. Anything further from anybody? 18 No, sir. 19 MR. HARRIGAN: 20 MR. JOHNSTON: No, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Earnest. I wish you the very best of luck on your sentencing. Stay safe, sir. 22 23 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you. THE CLERK: This concludes all matters on the 24

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calendar.

(Conclusion of proceedings.) --000--I certify, by signing below, that the foregoing is a correct stenographic transcript, to the best of my ability, of the digital recording of the audio proceedings had in the above-entitled matter this 19th day of October, 2021. A transcript without an original signature or conformed signature is not certified. I further certify that the transcript fees and format comply with those prescribed by the Court and the Judicial Conference of the United States. /S/ Amanda M. LeGore AMANDA M. LeGORE, RDR, CRR, CRC, FCRR, CACSR 14290